

CHARACTERISTIC OF RENEWABLE POLYMER INCORPORATED WITH  
STABILIZER TO CHARACTERIZE THE ENDURANCE TO ULTRA VOILET  
IRRADIATION EXPOSURE

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In the name of ALLAH, Most Gracious, Most Merciful.

This thesis especially dedicated to;

My beloved husband

~Ahmad Azirun Bin Ab. Rahman~

My beloved father

~Mat Hassan Bin Bakar~

My beloved late mother

~Raja Nab Binti Raja Kechek~

My supportive supervisor

~Assoc. Prof. Dr. Anika Zafiah Binti Mohd Rus~

~My friends~

~Thank you for everything~



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## ABSTRACT

Waste vegetable from palm oils are most abundant biological sources and important raw materials for production of renewable polymer because of their versatility with high possibility to modify the chemical structure of triglycerides and its derivatives. In this study, waste vegetable oil was synthesized and crosslinked with polymethane polyphenyl isocyanate, distilled water and titanium dioxide ( $TiO_2$ ) as filler to form renewable polymer. Two fabrication method was used; (i) manual casting which produced renewable polymer foam (RF) and (ii) compression moulding at 90 °C based on the evaporation of volatile matter and the product is known as compressed renewable polymer (CR). Composites of RF and CR is known as RFC and CRC respectively. The physical, vibration and damping properties are measured to determine the endurance of renewable polymer to UV irradiation exposure. The morphological structure and porosity of renewable polymer shows no significant changes after UV irradiation exposure. As the loading of  $TiO_2$  increased (up to 10 % of monomer weight), the thermal degradation temperature were increased at three different decomposition stages. The vibration transmissibility of renewable polymer based on resonance peak, resonance frequency and attenuation frequency at different thickness were shifted to lower frequency range from 23 Hz to 21 Hz with increasing of UV irradiation exposure time. Meanwhile, the damping property of 10 % and 5 %  $TiO_2$  filler loading ( $RF_{10}$  and  $CRC_5$ ) gives maximum values of 0.5 and 0.6 respectively with increasing of UV irradiation exposure time. This is due to the potential of  $RF_{10}$  and  $CRC_5$  to dissipate more energy in foam block system. Hence,  $TiO_2$  act as UV stabilizer enhance the photostability of renewable polymer which exhibit endurance to prolonged UV irradiation exposure.

## ABSTRAK

Sisa minyak sayuran berasaskan kelapa sawit adalah kaya dengan sumber biologi dan merupakan bahan mentah untuk menghasilkan produk polimer yang diperbaharui kerana sifat kepelbagainya yang mempunyai potensi yang tinggi untuk mengubah struktur kimia pada trigiserida dan terbitannya. Dalam kajian ini, polimer yang boleh diperbaharui berdasarkan sisa minyak sayuran telah disintesis dan bersambung silang dengan *polymethane polyphenyl isocyanate*, air suling and titanium dioksida ( $TiO_2$ ) sebagai bahan penambah untuk membentuk polimer yang diperbaharui. Dua kaedah pembuatan telah digunakan iaitu (i) penuangan manual yang menghasilkan buih polimer yang diperbaharui (RF) dan (ii) mampatan panas pada suhu  $90\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$  berdasarkan penyejatan bahan yang tidak menentu dan menghasilkan polimer mampat yang diperbaharui (CR). Komposit bagi RF dan CR masing-masing dinamakan sebagai RFC and CRC. Sifat fizikal, getaran dan redaman diukur untuk menentukan ketahanan polimer yang diperbaharui terhadap pendedahan sinaran UV. Struktur morpologi dan keliangan pada polimer yang diperbaharui menunjukkan tiada perubahan yang ketara selepas pendedahan kepada sinaran UV. Merujuk kepada peningkatan  $TiO_2$  sebagai bahan penambah (sehingga 10 % daripada berat monomer), suhu penguraian haba meningkat pada tiga peringkat penguraian suhu. Sifat pengalihan getaran oleh polimer yang diperbaharui berdasarkan kepada puncak resonans, frekuensi resonans dan pengecilan frekuensi diuji pada ketebalan yang berbeza dan memberikan anjakkan ke frekuensi yang lebih rendah dari 23 Hz kepada 21 Hz dengan peningkatan masa pendedahan sinaran UV. Walaubagaimanapun, sifat redaman pada 10 % dan 5 % bahan penambah  $TiO_2$  ( $RFC_{10}$  dan  $CRC_5$ ) masing-masing memberikan nilai maksimum iaitu 0.5 dan 0.6 dengan peningkatan masa pendedahan sinaran UV. Ini disebabkan keupayaan  $RFC_{10}$  dan  $CRC_5$  untuk melepaskan banyak tenaga semasa dalam sistem blok busa. Oleh itu,  $TiO_2$  bertindak sebagai penstabil UV yang mana meningkatkan kestabilan foto bagi polimer yang diperbaharui dengan ketahanan terhadap pendedahan sinaran UV yang berpanjangan.

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## LIST OF SYMBOL AND ABBREVIATIONS

<i>A/Abs</i>	-	Absorbance
<i>ASTM</i>	-	American Society for Testing Materials
<i>ATR</i>	-	Attenuated total reflection
<i>CO<sub>2</sub></i>	-	Carbon dioxide
<i>CR</i>	-	Compressed renewable polymer
<i>CRC</i>	-	Compressed renewable polymer composite
<i>FTIR</i>	-	Fourier Transform Infrared
<i>H</i>	-	Hours
<i>KOH</i>	-	Potassium hydroxide
<i>MDI</i>	-	Methylene diisocyanate
<i>N</i>	-	Normality
<i>NaOH</i>	-	Natrium hydroxide
<i>TiO<sub>2</sub></i>	-	Titanium dioxide
<i>%</i>	-	Percent
$\lambda$	-	Wavelength
<i>nm</i>	-	Nanometer
$\mu m$	-	Micrometer
$^{\circ}C$	-	Degree Celsius
$\alpha$	-	Conversion
$\zeta$	-	Damping
$\rho$	-	Density
<i>TGA</i>	-	Thermal gravimetric analysis
<i>Ea</i>	-	Activation energy

<i>R</i>	-	Gas constant
<i>T</i>	-	Absolute temperature (K)
<i>RM</i>	-	Renewable monomer
<i>RF</i>	-	Renewable polymer foam
<i>RFC</i>	-	Renewable polymer foam composite
<i>UV</i>	-	Ultraviolet
<i>UV-Vis-</i>		Ultraviolet visible
<i>WO</i>	-	Waste vegetable oil



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**PTTA UTHM**  
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