#### UNIVERSITI TEKNOLOGI MARA

# THE RELATIVE IMPORTANCE OF TRUST AND USABLE WEBSITE DESIGN IN BUILDING E-LOYALTY INTENTION ON INTERNET BANKING: A CASE OF MAYBANK2U.COM

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#### **ABSTRACT**

In e-commerce, loyal customers are considered extremely valuable. The high cost of attracting new customers on the Internet and the relative difficulty in retaining them make customer loyalty an essential asset for many banks. Since online transactions involve many uncertainties for the customer and most of the Internet banking offers the same product as the other competitor, it is crucial for banks to recognize the key factor that can tie their existing customer become a loyal customer an change the web surfers into purchaser. Despite of increasing usage of Internet Shopping and banking, the literature only portray little effort of empirical research has addressed the role of quality Internet websites design and customer online trust in forming consumers' intentions to revisits or repurchase particular products or at particular banks within the context of customer relationship management. This empirical study was performed to measure relative importance of two different factor that is most cited as a critical success factor for ecommerce environment; usable website design and trust elements on the website. The study specifically focuses on Maybank2u.com users and sample for the study was drawn among academician and students of three different faculties in UiTM Shah Alam. The user perceived that the website was usable and that there was a consequent increase in the degree of website loyalty. PERPUSTAKAAN TUNKU TU

Candidate's Declaration

I declare that the work in this thesis was carried out in accordance with the regulations of

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### TABLE OF CONTENTS

TABLE O	FCONTENTS	PAGE
TITLE PA	GE	
ABSTRAC	ZT Control of the con	i
ACKNOW	LEDGEMENTS	ii
TABLE O	F CONTENTS	iii
LIST OF T	CABLES	vii
LIST OF F	IGURES	ix
LIST OF A	ABBREVIATIONS	xi
CHAPTER	RONE: INTRODUCTION	
1.0	Introduction	1
1.1	Background of The Research	1
1.2	The Problem Statement	5
1.3	Research Objectives	9
1.4	Research Objectives  Research Questions  Research Scope	9
1.5	Research Scope	9
1.6	Significance of The Research	11
1.7	Limitations of The Research	11
1.8	Contribution of Research	12
1.9	Organization of The Research Paper	13
CHAPTER	R TWO: LITERATURE REVIEW	
2.0	Introduction	15
2.1	Earning the Loyalty of Banking Customer	15
2.2	Theoretical Consideration	15
	2.2.1 Trust and E-Loyalty	17
	2.2.1.1 Model of Commitment-Trust Theory for	18
	Relationship Marketing	
	2.2.2 DeLone and McLean's Model of Information System	20

		Succes	s	
	2.2.3	Theory	of Behavior and Attitude	22
		2.2.3.1	Theory of Reasoned Action (TRA)	22
		2.2.3.2	Theory of Planned Behavior (TPB)	23
2.3	Inter	net Banki	ng-An Overview	25
	2.3.1	The ber	nefits of Internet banking for banks	26
	2.3.2	Benefit	s for customers	27
2.4	Factor	s Known	to Affect Adoption of Internet Banking Activities	28
2.5	Intern	et Bankin	g Scenario in Malaysia	32
	2.5.1	About I	Maybank	34
2.6	Resea	rch on Cu	stomer Loyalty	37
	2.6.1	Concep	tualizing loyalty as a combination of behavior	38
		and atti	tudes	
	2.6.2	E-Loya	lty: Customer Loyalty on The Internet	42
	2.6.3	Loyalty	Antecedents	44
2.7	Web a	nd Techn	ology	52
	2.7.1	Influen	ce of Website Design And Loyalty	54
	2.7.2	Website	e Usability	57
	2	2.7.2.1 L	Jsability Definitions	59
		2.7.2.2 L	Jsable Website Design and E-Loyalty	63
	P	2.7.2.3 N	Mapping of Usability Attributes with DeLone	65
		a	nd McLean's Model	
CHAPTE	R THRE	EE: R	RESEARCH METHODOLOGY	
3.0	Intro	duction		72
3.1	Research Purpose		72	
3.2	Resea	arch Appr	oach	73
	3.2.1	Concep	tualization of E-Loyalty Model	74
3.3	Resea	arch Desig	gn	77
	3.3.1	Sample	Selection	78
	3.3.2	Researc	ch Model and Hypotheses	79
	3	3321	Measurements and Constructs	80

	3.4	Sampling Technique	82
		3.4.1 Convenience Sampling	83
		3.4.2 Sampling Size for Factor Analysis	84
	3.5	Data Collection Method	86
		3.5.1 Data Collection Instrument	88
		3.5.2 Instrument Pilot Test	90
	3.6	Project Scheduling	90
СНА	PTER	R FOUR: DATA ANALYSIS AND DISUSSION OF	
		FINDINGS	
	4.0	Introduction	91
	4.1	Return Rate for the Survey	91
	4.2	Demographic Profile of Respondents	92
	4.3	Internet Banking Usage	93
		4.3.1 Genders versus Customer of other Banks and Internet	93
-		Banking	
		4.3.2 Respondents Age versus Customer of other Banks and	95
		Internet banking	
		4.3.3 Respondents Monthly Income versus Customer of other	96
		Banks and Internet Banking	
		4.3.4 Respondents Sign Up	97
		4.3.5 Respondents Internet Banking Usage Frequency	100
		4.3.6 Respondents Repatronize and Revisit Behavior	102
		4.3.7 Products or services used by respondents	105
		4.3.8 Online Loyalty Through Website	108
	4.4	Reliability and Validity of Measurement	109
	4.5	Preliminary Analysis	111
		4.5.1 Correlation Matrix	111
		4.5.2 Sampling Adequacy	112
	4.6	Nonparametric Correlation	113
	4.7	Factor Analysis	113
		4.7.1 Communalities	115

	4.7.2	Factor Extraction for Usability and Trust Constructs	116
	4.7.3	Factor Extraction for E-Loyalty Constructs	121
	4.7.4	Results of Hypothesis Testing and Discussion of Findings	122
4.8	Impli	cations	127
CHAPER	FIVE:	CONCLUSION AND RECOMMENDATIONS	
5.0	Introd	luction	130
5.1	Sumr	nary	130
5.2	Conc	lusions and Recommendations for Future Study	132
REFERE	NCES		134
A DDENNI	CFS		

Appendix A: Survey Questionnaire

Appendix B: Project Planning

**Appendix C : Inter-Item Covariance Matrix** 

Appendix D : Correlation Matrix

Appendix E: Anti-Image Correlation

PERPUSTAKAAN TUNKU TUN AMINAH Appendix F: Nonparametric Correlation

## LISTS OF TABLES

<b>TABLES</b>		PAGE
Table 2.0:	E-commerce earnings in Malaysia for the year 1997-	34
	2004	
Table 2.1:	The differences between four stages model of loyalty	39
	proposed by Oliver (1997)	
Table 2.2:	Trust constructs; precursors and building processes	50
Table 2.3:	Web design for enhancing relationship, revisit and	55
	loyalty	
Table 2.4:	Overview of usability definitions	60
Table 2.5:	Mapping of Usability Attributes from Past Research to	71
	DeLone and McLean's Model	
Table 3.0:	Research Design	78
Table 3.1:	Measurements and Constructs	81
Table 3.2:	Current practice in Factor Analysis	85
Table 3.3:	Data Collection Methods: Six Source of Evidence	87
Table 3.4:	Contents of Research Questionnaire	89
Table 4.0:	Demographic Profile	92
Table 4.1:	Respondents gender versus customer of other banks and	95
	other Internet banking services	
Table 4.2:	Respondents age versus customer of other bank and	96
	Internet banking	
Table 4.3:	Respondents Monthly Income versus customer of other	96
	bank and Internet banking	
Table 4.4:	Respondents demographic profile versus Internet	98
	banking sign up	
Table 4.5:	Internet banking usage frequency	100
Table 4.6:	Respondents repeat behavior	103
Table 4.7:	Respondents Positive word-mouth	104

Table 4.8:	Total products used by customers	106
Table 4.9:	Respondent's sex versus Loyalty through ease of use and	108
	user friendly website Crosstabulation	
Table 4.10:	Reliability Statistics (Usability Constructs)	109
Table 4.11:	Reliability Statistics (Trust Constructs)	109
Table 4.12:	Reliability Statistics of All Item Constructs	110
Table 4.13:	Item-Total Statistics	110
Table 4.14:	Inter-Item Covariance Matrix	Appendix C
Table 4.15:	Correlation Matrix	Appendix D
Table 4.16:	Anti-Image Correlation	Appendix E
Table 4.17:	KMO and Bartlett's Test	113
Table 4.18:	Nonparametric Correlation	Appendix F
Table 4.19:	Communalities	116
Table 4.20:	Total Variance Explained	117
Table 4.21:	Component Matrix	118
Table 4.22:	Rotated Component Matrix	118
Table 4.23:	Factor loadings of Usability and Trust Constructs	119
Table 4.24:	Factor Loadings for E-Loyalty Constructs	121
Table 4.25:	Variance Explained by Each Factor	123
Table 4.26:	Beta Coefficient of Multiple Regression Analysis	125
Table 4.27:	Hypothesized Relationships and Summary of the Results	126
Table 4.28:	Summarize Table of Usability, Trust and E-Loyalty	127
	Constructs	

# LISTS OF FIGURES

<b>FIGURES</b>		PAGE
Figure 2.0:	The Morgan and Hunt Model of relationship marketing	19
Figure 2.1:	The Reformulated IS Success	20
Figure 2.2:	Theory of Reasoned Action (TRA)	23
Figure 2.3:	Theory of Planned Behavior (TPB)	24
Figure 2.4:	Snapshot of Personal Online Banking	36
Figure 2.5:	Snapshot of Business Online Banking	37
Figure 2.6:	Loyalty as a combination of relative attitude and behavioral	40
	loyalty	
Figure 2.7:	Key Component of Customer Satisfaction with Web Based	45
	Activities	
Figure 2.8:	Association between satisfaction and loyalty and relationship	45
	closeness	IN.
Figure 2.9:	Typology of interrelated types of trust constructs	47
Figure 2.10:	A Model of Trust in Online Relationship Banking	50
Figure 2.11:	Low conversion rate on most e-commerce sites	57
Figure 3.0:	Conceptual Framework of E-Loyalty	74
Figure 3.1:	Proposed Research Model and Hypotheses	80
Figure 4.0:	Respondent's age versus Maybank2u.com sign up	99
Figure 4.1:	Respondent's monthly income	100
Figure 4.2:	Respondent's monthly income versus Internet banking usage	102
	frequency	
Figure 4.3:	Bar Chart of positive word-mouth behavior by customer	105
	according to years of sign up	
Figure 4.4:	Products or services used by customers	107
Figure 4.5:	Bar Chart of total products used by customer according to	108
	years of sign up	
Figure 4.6:	Component Plot in Rotated Space	115

Figure 4.7:	Results of Multiple Regression Analysis	123
Figure 4.8:	Conceptual Research Model and Hypotheses Results	126



#### LISTS OF ABBREVIATIONS

#### **ABBREVIATIONS**

AGFI : Adjusted Goodness-of-Fit Index

ATMs : Automated Teller Machines

AVE : Average Variance Extracted

AVR : Automated Voice Response

B2B : Business To Business

B2C : Business To Consumer

CSR : Customer Service Representative

EFA : Exploratory Factor Analysis

FAQs : Frequently Asked Questions

GFI : Goodness-of-Fit Index

HCI : Human Computer Interaction

IB : Internet Banking

IS : Information System

IT : Information Technology

KMO : Kaiser-Meyer-Olkin

MSC : Multimedia Super Corridor

PCA: Principal Component Analysis

PEOU : Perceived Ease of Use

PU : Perceived Usefulness

SEM : Structural Equation Model

TAM : Technology Acceptance Model

TPB : Theory of Planned Behavior

TRA: Theory of Reasoned Action

UI : User Interface

WWW : World Wide Web

#### CHAPTER 1

#### INTRODUCTION

#### 1.0 Introduction

Customer's loyalty has been an area of great interest for companies. The rapid development of technology and Internet has diverted company's direction to retain eloyalty. Customer loyalty has a direct impact on the revenue and profitability of a company. The website interface plays an imperative role in customer e-loyalty. An interactive and content full website creates added value and highly motivate customer repeated visits (Thelwall, 2000). This first chapter will begin by briefly discussing the concept of customer e-loyalty and importance of website design in Business to Consumer (B2C) and Business to Business (B2B) context and why customer e-loyalty and effective website design is essential for company's long-term profitability.

#### 1.1 Background of the Research

The increasing popularity of the Internet has created great challenges for companies in various business sectors to promote and sell their products and services using this new distribution channel. One very responsive business sector to this change is the banking sector. To sustain business competitiveness, more and more banks or financial services companies are transforming from their traditional approach of "bricks and mortar" into a "clicks and mortar" one under the recent emergence of electronic commerce and business. A major force behind these developments is technology, which is breaching geographical, industrial and regulatory barriers,

creating new products, services and market opportunities, and developing more information-and systems-oriented business and management processes.

For achieving different competitive strategies, which include cost containment, performance improvement, market penetration, and product transformation, banks and financial services companies are finding ways to utilize Internet technologies and to launch Internet banking services (Cronin, 1997). These companies are also keen to understand how their customers value their Internet banking services to help the banks devise strategic plans and capture market share. In other words, an important question for a successful launch of an Internet banking service is to ask what factors will impact the customer online loyalty.

With the potential of Internet to reach millions of customers and the opportunities to save transaction costs, banks in Malaysia are now urged to provide online banking services and to develop online relationships with potential customers in order to remain competitiveness in a turbulent market. Most industries have been influenced in some way or the other by electronic commerce, nowhere is the effect of ecommerce more apparent than in the banking industry (emarketer, 2000). According to the 11th Malaysia Internet Survey conducted by AC Nielson, Internet Banking is the one of the most popular service utilized by Malaysian surfers. The survey found out that 51 percent out of the total respondent base of 8000 used the Internet for online banking once a month. Services available through their online banking are online bill payment, fund transfer, check-book application, and downloading of current and loan account information into personal financial applications such as Microsoft Money or Quicken. The majority of local online banking users are young, Internet-savvy professionals, a demographic expected to grow over time. According to IDC Malaysia Research, the most Malaysians online consumers are aged 19 to 35 years. Morgan Stanley Dean Writer's Internet research concluded that the web is more important for retail financial services than for many other industries (Mukherjee

and Nath, 2003). The new economy has opened up new paradigms, structures and strategies for retail banking, and banks across the world face new opportunities and challenges.

The physical separation of the bank branch and the customer, and that of the customer and the financial advisor, and the overall environment of perceived in security on the Internet provide unique challenges to Internet banks to find ways in which to initiate and develop e-business relationships. In spite of these limitations, the bank must develop a trustworthy relationship at the same time promote their Internet banking services and foster customer loyalty. The low level of customer loyalty is particularly significant on the Internet, where the opportunities for customer loss can occur at warp speed. A recent McKinsey study (2000), ePerformance, found that 98.7 percent of online visitors do not become repeat customers. Another study determined that most sites will lose 60 percent of their first-time customers in a six-week period (Lowenstein, 2001). Most e-commerce companies are ill-prepared to counter this. Most company strives for customer loyalty, and considerable efforts are paid to maintain a loyal customer base. However, although businesses are realizing the value of keeping customer loyalty, no one knows for sure how to do it. Businesses measure customer satisfaction, and hope that if the satisfaction scores are good, the customers will stay with the firm. But the truth is if that even satisfied customers leave for the temptation of competitors offers (Mittal and Lassar, 1998).

Customer retention is considered by both scholars and practitioners to be of the critical success factors for retail businesses with its implications for cost savings and profitability. The cost of acquiring new customers is five to seven times that of retaining existing ones (Khalifa and Liu, 2005). Customer retention is even more challenging issue in the context of Internet banking, where the switching costs for customers are minimal. It is therefore important to identify the major determinants of online customer retention.

In traditional businesses, the advantages enjoyed by a brand with strong customer loyalty include ability to maintain premium pricing, greater bargaining power with channels of distribution, reduced selling costs, a strong barrier to potential new entries into the product or service category, and synergistic advantages of brand extensions to related product or service categories (Reichfeld, 1996). Traditional boundaries of "bricks and mortar" stores have revised parameters in the world of Internet storefront. No longer are consumers interacting with a physical building, product, and personnel, but instead they navigate through a digital environment where loyalty development is different that in face-to-face environment. The advent and growth of "Business to Consumer" (B2C) e-commerce has magnified the importance of building a loyal visitor base to an e-commerce website (Gommans et al., 2001). Most B2C e-business models have relied initially on an intensive effort to generate a large enough customer base and subsequently on achieving profitability based on "lifetime revenue potential" from each loyal customer (Porter, 2001).

This study draws mainly on literature on customer loyalty (Dick and Basu, 1994; Jacoby and Chestnut, 1978; Gommans et al., 2001), website usability (Nielson, 2000; Shackel, 1991) and website credibility (Fogg, SooHoo, e.t al., 2003; Xue, Harker, Heim, 2000) and online trust (Gefen, D. et al., 2003; Mukherjee and Nath, 2003; Morgan and Hunt, 1994). It contributes to both those literature streams by building a bridge between them; by understanding which factors have negative effect on customer's online loyalty (e-loyalty), and vice versa. Customer loyalty is the central goal of relationship marketing and therefore the study draws upon relationship marketing literature. Due to the context of the study, it also positioned within the service marketing literature. The literature streams of the study are discussed closer at Chapter 2.

Retail banking was chosen as the context of empirical study as will further discussed in research scope, retail banking is an interesting context for studying customer eloyalty. Firstly, the development of Internet banking will depend strongly on the number of consumers acquiring and retaining Internet access (Kingsley and Anderson, 1998). Secondly, the retail banking market has gone important changes during the last decade, where Internet technologies have been cooperated with their daily routines. In such situation, a study of customer e-loyalty should also have managerial relevance and knowledge contribution to the web designer and Information System practitioner in improving web-based applications designing.

#### 1.2 The Problem Statement

Human beings are used to making buying decisions using their senses, especially their sight and hearing. They read body language, want to make eye contact and hear voice inflection. As more and more banks get done in Cyberspace, there will be less and less of in-person contacts made. Although, the chances of online banking development totally replacing in-person contact is slim, more and more clients will be found in Cyberspace, and the need to maintain them as clients is great. This can be very challenging since people do business with others that they know, like and trust. A lot of those "feelings" come from in-person contacts. So how does bank retain client loyalty in Cyberspace?.

In Malaysia, commercial banks have been quick to realize the importance of this factor to competitive advantage. Although millions of dollars have been spent on building Internet banking systems in Malaysia, reports have shown that potential users may not use the systems or leave the systems after certain period of time (Sivanand, Geeta and Suleep, 2004). Before commercial banks can even begin an eloyalty strategy, they must first perfect their products, web execution and system quality. A bad first experience on website can kill the millions they spent on e-loyalty

(Smith, 2000). This report pointed out the need for research to identify the factors that determine loyalty among Internet banking users. There are several reasons why this study has to be drawn up:-

- Customer loyalty is considered important because of its positive effect on long-term profitability. According to Reichheld et al. (2000) and Reichheld and Schefter (2000), the high costs of acquiring new e-customers can lead to unprofitable customer relationships for up to three years. However, few companies seem to succeed in creating e-loyalty, and little is known about the mechanisms involved in generating customer loyalty on the internet.
- Research concerning the antecedents of Internet banking loyalty is scarce and focused on more general issues (Mukherjee, A. and Nath, P., 2003). Nevertheless, a number of mostly practitioner-oriented studies examine how Internet companies can retain their customer's stickiness, but if stickiness does not involve a relationship, it does not mean e-loyalty (Smith, 2000).
  - Despite the increase in the number of internet users recorded by various agencies, the level of increase of internet usage for banking purposes has not increased at the same rate. Therefore, several antecedents of customer loyalty have been proposed. Among those, trust and usability of website design has been brought forward as a precondition for patronage behavior (Pavlou, 2003; Dahlen et al., 2002; Flavian et al., 2005; Kuan et al., 2005). But there are little empirical research has addressed the combination of quality Internet websites design (Waite and Harrison, 2002; Sathye, 1999) and customer online trust (Sathye, 1999; Nor Azah Mohd Suki, 2002; Norhayati Abd Mukti, 2000) in forming consumer's intentions to revisits or repurchase at particular Internet banks within the context of customer relationship management. In one perception, customer loyalty seems to be influenced by website usability and the other perception, trust place an important for customer satisfaction and loyalty. As a website loyalty seems to depend on consumer skills in managing

and controlling the website and cognitive lock-in (Johnson, Moe, Fader, Bellman and Lohse, 2000), suppose that the consumer's convenient and positive prior experience when using the website, lessens the likehood of the consumer changing to another website (Johnson, Moe, Fader, Bellman and Lohse, 2000). But there is little empirical evidence to support the importance of usability factors on Internet banks websites. Most of the sholars only address the importance of trust as the main barrier of consumer particitipation in e-commerce (Quelch and Klein, 1996; Jarvenpaa et al., 2000; Jarvenpaa and Tractinsky, 1999; Lee et al., 2000; Chang and Cheung, 2005.

- The Internet banks in Malaysia are still lagging behind their customers' quality expectations (Norhayati Abd Mukti, 2000). Bruhn (1997) says that the typical Internet user wants to be respected as a communication partner, and wants his or her information needs to be satisfied individually, no matter who initiated the communication process. Financial service providers should offer more than just relevant information to become an often-visited portal. Incomplete, difficult to understand, or difficult to find product information may annoy the customer, can cause unwillingness to proceed and complete the transactions. In order to enhance customer loyalty, portals are required to put a strong emphasis on their customers' quality demands, which are steadily increasing over time due to the growing competition in the Internet banking industry (Jun and Cai, 2001).
- The loyalty of consumers to a Web site is considered elusive and is a problem to banks, because of fiercely innovative competitor sites that provides equivalent products and services. These findings hold especially true for the financial service sector, where reducing the defection rate by 5 per cent can boost profits by up to 80 per cent (Reichheld and Sasser, 1990). Banks are expected now to master enhanced competencies and methodologies to retain the loyalty of consumers. However, understanding what needs to be done and determining how best to go about achieving it, are very different things.

Making the customers loyal to the website depends on the ability and how successful businesses humanize digital loyalty by using digital tools to build human relationships. Reichheld and Schefter (2000) suggest building loyalty on the Web does 'raise new questions and open new opportunities; it places the old rules in a new context'. The concept of e-loyalty extends the traditional brand and store loyalty concept to online consumer behavior. Although the underlying theoretical foundations of traditional brand and store loyalty and the newly defined phenomena of e-loyalty are generally similar (Gommans, Krishnan and Scheffold, 2001), there are unique aspects of it in the area of Internet based banking and consumer behavior.

In traditional marketplaces, customer services and brand equity i.e, quality, relevance, and popularity (Walker, D., 2002) place an important role to develop customer loyalty. In a new context of e-marketplaces, trust and usable storefront design are another critical success factors in order to attract and retain a good relationship with customer and positively will influences repatronize and repurchase intentions (Gefen, D., 2002; Xue e.t al, 2000; Gommans, Krishnan and Scheffold, 2001; Reichheld and Schefter, 2000; Devaraj, Fan and Kohli, 2003).

Therefore, it is relevant to find out the relative importance of two different perception on building customer online loyalty especially most of the businesses are now switch to click and mortar environments. The high costs involved in increasing the client base of a business are forcing companies to look for ways to retain their customers. Findings of this study will be useful for the banking sector in assessing the impact of information technology and in formulating appropriate strategies for building customer loyalty thereby enabling them to retain customers. Short-term loyalty can be bought; long-term loyalty must be earned. Short-term loyalty is typically bought through discounts for online shopping and extras like free shipping for a limited period of time. Long-term loyalty takes time because companies have to earn trust by proving value, dependability and respect (Smith, 2000).

#### 1.3 Research Objectives

- 1. To determine what are the major website design factors that drive customer loyalty in cyberspace
- 2. To measure the association between trust and usable website design factor with customer's e-loyalty
- 3. To measure the relative importance between trust and usable website design Factor in building e-loyalty in Internet banking environment

#### 1.4 **Research Questions**

- 1. What are the web design factors that drive customer loyalty in cyberspace?
- Does the trust factor have positive relationship with customer's e-loyalty?
- 3. Does the usability factor have positive relationship with customer's e-loyalty?
- 4. Which is most important factor in building e-loyalty in Internet Banking environment- whether trust or usable website design? NTUNKU

#### 1.5 Research Scope

There are huge numbers of e-commerce sites available but for this research purpose it will limit the scope of the study with focusing on online banking environments. Online banking was chosen as the context for the study due to several reasons:-

- 1. Most of the local commercial banks have aggressively pursued multi-channel strategies, and the online channel is growing in importance and adoption. While the channel is still in a growth mode, banks have a window of opportunity to figure out how to maximize the impact of their website to increase loyalty among existing customers while reaching out new ones.
- 2. Secondly, banking services are inherently relational in that they are contractbased and usually purchased in long-term relationships. Bank customers have traditionally been highly loyal to their banks, and percentage of bank

switching fell partially due to higher satisfaction with the overall banking experience, including use of the website (Nordman, 2004; Forbes, 2005). Hence, it is a context where it is both interesting to study customer loyalty, and possible to find highly behavioral loyal customers.

- 3. Thirdly, online banking incorporate most of the trust elements with usable interface design and one of the most popular service utilized and assessed by Malaysian surfers (ACNielson, 2004).
- 4. Only 20 million Internet users use Internet banking although bank websites get a large number of online visitors (Online Banking Report, 2001a). It is an interesting area to find out the cause of loyalty and disloyalty.

Customer's e-loyalty in this research was measured using most cited attitudes and behavior measurement even though there are different types of customer's loyalty and each type has its own attitudes and behavior. For data collection stage which involved the survey questionnaire, the targeted users will be conveniently selected within academician, out-campus undergraduate students (PLK program) and postgraduate students (fulltime and part time students) at various faculties in University of Technology Mara (UiTM) that used Maybank2u.com Internet banking. Among the three major services or products offered by Maybank2u.com application, this study only scope to B2C category; personal online banking (e.g. online bill payment, online education) rather than B2B category like enterprise banking and international banking

Besides that, the respondents are selected among the professionals with fix monthly income since this focus group is the highest Internet banking user in Malaysia and they have the buying power relatively than the others (Suganthi, Balachandher and Balachandran, 2003). The intention for this survey is to gather customer perception about banking on the Internet and their loyalty towards the services provided through Internet to find out which is the most important factor; either trust or usability factor that affect most on customer online loyalty.

#### 1.6 Significance of The Research

- 1. The study should make a substantial contribution to our understanding of underlying factors that influence customer loyalty in web businesses specifically in the role of trust and website ease of use that promote e-loyalty in e-commerce sites
- 2. Easier identification of design factor that derived customer online loyalty through web. This will assist the businesses managerial and web developer in incorporating customer online loyalty factors with website design factors. Thus the model can be enhanced and act as a basis of standard guidelines, which can be used by other e-commerce sites from different sectors in the future.
- 3. With an ideal factors, further assessment can be done in a more structured and objective manner. A site can be assessed on its strengths and weakness in increasing the likehood that a customer will deeply held commitment to repatronize the site.
- 4. These findings should serve as general guidelines for web designer and Information System practitioners who establish an e-commerce presence to acquire and maintain customers.

#### 1.7 Limitations of the Research

There are some limitations of the study: -

- 1. The study only focuses on the online banking environment instead of looking into the other e-commerce applications among business sectors in Malaysia
- 2. This study only focuses on two key drivers in building e-loyalty trust and usable website design even though there are other drivers construct the e-loyalty model
- 3. No proper guidelines can be referred to for usable website design, therefore the method that is used followed as the most cited elements from prior research done by scholars.

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